Reliance Communications Limited website: www.rcom.co.in Regd. Office : H Block, 1st Floor , Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City, Navi Mumbai 400710 CIN - L45309MH2004 PLC147531 Unaudited Financial Results (Consolidated) for the quarter June 30, 2019

Sr		Quarter ended			Year ended
Sr. No.	Particulars	30-Jun-19	31-Mar-19	30-Jun-18	31-Mar-19
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Income				
	(a) Revenue from Operations	865	962	1,006	4,015
	(b) Other Income	1	127	2	179
	(c) Total Income [(a) + (b)]	866	1,089	1,008	4,194
2	Expenses		,	,	, -
		540	205	500	0.400
	(a) Access Charges, Licence Fees and Network Expenses	518	335	598	2,133
	(b) Employee Benefits Expenses	144	166	110	521
	(c) Finance Costs	47	39	50	192
	(d) Depreciation, Amortisation and Provision for Impairment	214	197	198	820
	(e) Sales and General Administration Expenses	144	462	164	980
	(f) Total Expenses [(a) to (e)]	1,067	1,199	1,120	4,646
3	Profit/ (Loss) before Share of Profit/ (Loss) of Associates, Exceptional Items and Tax [1 (c) - 2 (f)]	(201)	(110)	(112)	(452)
4	Share of Profit / (Loss) of Associates	-	-	1	2
	Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax				
5		(201)	(110)	(111)	(450)
6	Exceptional Items	-	(384)	-	2,008
7	Profit/ (Loss) before Tax [5 + 6]	(201)	(494)	(111)	1,558
8	Tax Expenses			. ,	
	(a) Current Tax	5	6	-	13
	(b) Deferred Tax Charge/ (Credit) (net)		4 450	(4)	0.440
	(including MAT Credit)	-	1,458	(1)	2,412
	(c) Tax Expenses (net) [(a) + (b)]	5	1,464	(1)	2,425
9	Profit/ (Loss) after Tax [7 - 8]	(206)	(1,958)	(110)	(867)
10	Profit/ (Loss) before Tax and Exceptional Items from	(160)	(2,508)	(222)	(2, 126)
10	Discontinued Operations	(160)	(2,598)	(232)	(3,136)
11	Exceptional Items relating to Discontinued Operations				
	Provision for Impairment of Assets	-	3,222	-	3,222
12	Profit/ (Loss) before Tax from Discontinued Operations [10-	(160)	(5,820)	(232)	(6,358)
	11]	· · ·		· ,	. ,
13	Tax Expenses of Discontinued Operations	-	1	1	(7)
14	Profit/ (Loss) after Tax from Discontinued Operations	(160)	(5,821)	(233)	(6,351)
	[12-13]	. ,			
15	Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) for the period	8	(184)	145	12
16	Total Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) for the period	(358)	(7,963)	(198)	(7,206)
17	Profit/ (Loss) for the period attributable to				
	(a) Equity holders of the company	(366)	(7,767)	(342)	(7,206)
	(b) Non Controlling Interest	(0.1)	(12)	(342)	(1,200)
10		(0.1)	(12)	(1)	(12)
18	Total Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) attributable to	(050)	(7.054)	(407)	(7.404)
	(a) Equity holders of the company	(358)	(7,951)	(197)	(7,194)
40	(b) Non Controlling Interest	-	(12)	(1)	(12)
19	Earnings per Share (EPS) (Basic and Diluted) (Rs.)				
	(before exceptional items)	(0.7-)	/= = +>	(0.40)	(0.07)
	(a) Continuing Operations	(0.75)	(5.74)	(0.40)	(6.97)
	(b) Discontinued Operations	(0.58)	(9.43)	(0.85)	(11.36)
	(c) Continuing and Discontinued Operations	(1.33)	(15.16)	(1.25)	(18.33)
	(after exceptional items)				
	(a) Continuing Operations	(0.75)	(7.14)	(0.40)	(3.16)
	(b) Discontinued Operations	(0.58)	(21.17)	(0.85)	(23.10)
	(c) Continuing and Discontinued Operations	(1.33)	(28.30)	(1.25)	(26.26)
20	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face Value of Rs. 5 each)	1,383	1,383	1,383	1,383

	nent wise Revenue, Results , Segment Assets and Segme		(₹ in Crore) Year ended		
Sr. No.	Particulars		Quarter ended		
		30-Jun-19	31-Mar-19	30-Jun-18	31-Mar-19
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Segment Revenue				
	(a) India Operation	317	475	482	1,808
	(b) Global Operation	597	751	630	2,821
	(c) Total [(a) + (b)]	914	1,226	1,112	4,629
	(d) Less: Inter segment revenue	(48)	(137)	(104)	(435)
	(e) Income from Operations [(c) - (d)]	866	1,089	1,008	4,194
2	Segment Results				
	Profit / (Loss) before Tax and Finance Cost from each segment				
	(a) India Operation	(96)	(128)	(37)	(255)
	(b) Global Operation	(58)	57	(25)	(5)
	(c) Total [(a) + (b)]	(154)	(71)	(62)	(260)
	(d) Less : Finance Costs (net)	47	39	50	192
	(e) Add : Exceptional Items	-	(384)	-	2,008
	Total Profit before Tax and share in Profit / (Loss) of Associates	(201)	(494)	(112)	1,556
	Total Profit/ (Loss) before Tax from Discontinued Operations	(160)	(5,820)	(232)	(6,357)
3	Segment Assets				
	(a) India Operation	48,124	48,300	62,174	48,300
	(b) Global Operation	7,911	7,690	12,027	7,690
	(c) Others/ Unallocable (net of Eliminations)	11,794	11,568	2,059	11,568
	(d) Total [(a) to (c)]	67,829	67,558	76,260	67,558
4	Segment Liabilities				
	(a) India Operation	19,307	18,733	18,494	18,733
	(b) Global Operation	6,422	6,402	6,410	6,402
	(c) Others/ Unallocable (net of Eliminations)	(1,273)	(1,325)	37	(1,325
	(d) Total [(a) to (c)]	24,456	23,810	24,941	23,810

Notes

1) Pursuant to an application filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of corporate insolvency resolution process ("CIRP") of Reliance Communications Limited ("Corporate Debtor") vide its order dated May 15. 2018. The NCLT had appointed Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi as the interim resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor vide its order dated May 18, 2018. However, the Hon'ble NCLAT by an order dated May 30, 2018 stayed the order passed by the Hon'ble NCLT for initiating the Corporate Insolvency Resolution (CIR) process of the Corporate Debtor and allowed the management of the Corporate Debtor to function. In accordance with the order of the Hon'ble NCLAT, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi handed over the control and management of the Corporate **Debtor** back to the erstwhile management of the **Corporate Debtor** on May 30, 2018. Subsequently, by order dated April 30, 2019, the Hon'ble NCLAT allowed stay on CIR process to be vacated and directed the Hon'ble NCLT to pass necessary orders on May 07, 2019. On the basis of the orders of the Hon'ble NCLAT, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi, wrote to the management of the Corporate Debtor on May 02, 2019 requesting the charge, operations and management of the Corporate Debtor to be handed over back to IRP. Therefore, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi has in his capacity as IRP took control and custody of the management and operations of the Corporate Debtor from May 02, 2019. Subsequently, the committee of creditors of the Corporate Debtor pursuant to its meeting held on May 30, 2019 resolved, with requisite voting share, to replace the existing interim resolution professional, i.e. Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi with Mr. Anish Nanavaty as the resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor in accordance with Section 22(2) of the Code. Subsequently, upon application by the CoC in terms of Section 22(3) of the Code, the NCLT has appointed Mr. Anish Nanavaty as the resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor ("RP") vide its order dated June 21, 2019, which was published and made available on June 28, 2019 on the website of the NCLT. Accordingly, the IRP has handed over the matters pertaining to the affairs of the Corporate Debtor to the RP as on June 28, 2019 who has assumed the powers of the board of directors of the Corporate Debtor and the responsibility of conducting the CIRP of the Corporate Debtor.

With respect to the financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2019, the RP has signed the same solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance by the Corporate Debtor with applicable law, and subject to the following disclaimers:

- The RP has assumed control of the Corporate Debtor with effect from June 28, 2019 and therefore was not in control of the operations or the management of the Corporate Debtor for majority of the period to which the underlying report pertains to;
- (ii) The RP has furnished and signed the report in good faith and accordingly, no suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the RP in terms of Section 233 of the Code;
- (iii) No statement, fact, information (whether current or historical) or opinion contained herein should be construed as a representation or warranty, express or implied, of the RP including, his authorized representatives and advisors;

- (iv) The RP, while signing this statement of financial results, has relied upon the assistance provided by the directors of the Corporate Debtor, in review of the financial results and certifications, representations and statements made by the directors of the Corporate Debtor, in relation to these financial results. The statement of financial results of the Corporate Debtor for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 have been taken on record by the RP solely on the basis of and on relying on the aforesaid certifications, representations and statements of the aforesaid directors and the management of the Corporate Debtor. For all such information and data, the RP has assumed that such information and data are in the conformity with the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws with respect to the preparation of the financial statements and that they give true and fair view of the position of the **Corporate Debtor** as of the dates and period indicated therein. Accordingly, the RP is not making any representations regarding accuracy, veracity or completeness of the data or information in the financial statements.
- (v) In terms of the provisions of the Code, the RP is required to undertake a review of certain transactions. Such review has been initiated and the RP may be required to accordingly act on the results of such review in terms of the provisions of the Code.
- 2) Figures of the previous period have been regrouped and reclassified, wherever required.
- 3) During the previous quarter, the Board had decided that the Company and its subsidiaries; Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) and Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL) on account of non receipt of 100% approvals and consensus from lenders, (as mentioned by RBI's February 12, 2018 circular) on all important issues, and numerous legal issues at Hon'ble High Court, TDSAT and Supreme Court, should seek resolution through the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), and accordingly, filed application before the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT) for reinstatement of debt resolution process. The Hon'ble NCLAT vide its order dated April 30, 2019 vacated the stay and directed the Hon'ble NCLT to pass necessary orders on May 7, 2019. The Hon'ble NCLT recommenced the resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC). As a consequence Interim Resolution Professionals (IRPs), namely Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi, for the Company, Ms Mitali Shah for RTL and Mr. Manish Kaneria for RITL, appointed vide Hon'ble NCLT orders dated May 18, 2018, with effect from May 02, 2019 again took control and custody of the management and operation of the Company and its said subsidiaries. Subsequently, the Hon'ble NCLT in its hearing dated June 21, 2019 orally pronounced the approval for the appointment of Mr. Anish Nanavaty as the Resolution Professional (RP) of the Company and its subsidiaries RTL and RITL, which was published on June 28, 2019 ("Order"). The petition filed before the Hon'ble NCLT under the Companies Act, 2013 (Section 397-398 of the Companies Act, 1956) by the minority shareholders holding 4.26% stake in RITL, stood dismissed as withdrawn pursuant to settlement terms agreed. Further, RITL Minority Shareholders had filed a contempt petition before the Hon'ble NCLAT in relation to non adherence of settlement terms within stipulated time which has been dismissed.

Pursuant to strategic transformation programme, as a part of Monetization and Resolution Plan of the Company under implementation, the Company and its subsidiary companies; Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) and Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL), with the permission of and on the basis of suggestions of the Lenders, had for monetization of some specified Assets, entered into definitive binding agreements with Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited (RJio) on December 28, 2017 for sale of Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Fiber and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs). During the previous quarter, the said asset sale agreements were terminated by mutual consent on account of various factors and developments including interalia non receipt of consents from lenders and permission/ approvals from Department of Telecommunication.

On finalisation and implementation of the insolvency resolution process through Hon'ble NCLT, the Company will carry out a comprehensive review of all the assets and liabilities and accordingly provide for impairment of assets and write back of liabilities, if any. Further, the Company is in the process of reconciling Goods & Service Tax (GST) and Tax Deducted at source. The Auditors have drawn qualification in this regard in their Limited Review Report for the quarter ended June 30, 2019.

Considering these developments including, in particular, the RP having taken over the management and control of the Company and its two subsidiaries inter alia with the objective of running them as going concerns, the financial results continue to be prepared on going concern basis. However, since the Company continues to incur loss, current liabilities exceed current assets and Company has defaulted in repayment of borrowings, payment of regulatory and statutory dues, these events indicate that material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Auditors have drawn qualification in their Limited Review Report for the quarter ended June 30, 2019.

4) Considering various factors including admission of the Company and its two subsidiaries; Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) and Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL) to debt resolution process under the IBC with effect from May 15, 2018 and pursuant to the commencement of Corporate Insolvency Resolution (CIR) Process of the Company under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC), there are various claims submitted by the operational creditors, the financial creditors, employees and other creditors. The overall obligations and liabilities including obligation for interest on loans and the principal rupee amount in respect of loans including foreign currency denominated loans shall be determined during the CIR Process. Further, prior to May 15, 2018, the Company and its said subsidiaries were under Strategic Debt Restructuring (SDR) and asset monetization and debt resolution plan was being worked out. The Company and some of its subsidiaries have not provided Interest of ₹ 1,094 crore for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 and foreign exchange variation aggregating to ₹ 33 crore gain for the guarter ended June 30, 2019. Had the Company provided Interest and foreign exchange variation, the Loss would have been higher by ₹ 1,061 crore for the guarter ended June 30, 2019. The Auditors have drawn qualification for non provision of interest and foreign exchange variations in their Review Report for the quarter ended June 30, 2019. During the previous years, Interest of ₹ 7,998 crore and foreign exchange variation aggregating to ₹ 984 crore were

not provided and the Auditors had drawn qualification in their audit report for the financial year ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019.

- 5) The listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (NCDs) of the Company aggregating to ₹ 3,750 crore as on June 30, 2019 are secured by way of first pari passu charge on the whole of the movable properties, plant and equipment and Capital Work in Progress, both present and future, including all insurance contracts relating thereto of the Borrower Group; comprising of the Company and its subsidiary companies namely; Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL), Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL) and Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL). Out of the above, in case of NCDs of ₹ 750 crore, the Company has also assigned Telecom Licences, by execution of Tripartite Agreement with Department of Telecommunications (DoT). The asset cover in case of these NCDs exceeds 100% of the principal amount of the said NCDs.
- 6) During the previous year, the Articles of Association (AoA) of Reliance Realty Limited ("RRL") (a subsidiary of the Company) were amended which consequently transferred control of RRL to Reliance Anil Dhirubhai Ambani Group ("ADAG") from the Company. This was done in order to shift certain liabilities of the Company to RRL envisaging an asset monetisation program which subsequently didn't materialise. As erstwhile resolution plan outside IBC did not materialize, the control of RRL needs to be restored with the Company. Accordingly the special provisions in AoA of RRL giving control to ADAG needs to be amended to transfer the control of RRL to the Company. Upon completion of necessary approvals and compliances, Assets and Liabilities of RRL shall be recognized on a Line by Line basis while preparing Consolidated Financial Statement and per Indian Accounting Standard 110.
- 7) The assets pertaining to Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Fiber and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) continued to be classified as assets held for sale at the value ascertained at the end of March 31, 2018, along with liabilities, for the reasons referred in para 3 above and disclosed separately as discontinued operations in line with Ind AS 105 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

				(₹ in Crore)
		Year ended		
Particulars	30-Jun-19	31-Mar-19	30-Jun-18	31-Mar-19
	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
Total Income	297	248	520	1,866
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(160)	(5,820)	(232)	(6,358)
Profit/ (Loss) after tax	(160)	(5,821)	(233)	(6,351)

The financial result of discontinued operations is as under:

8) In GCX Limited, an overseas subsidiary of the Company, pursuant to 7% Senior Secondary Notes (Notes) amounting to USD 350 million fallen due for repayment on August 01, 2019. On July 31, 2019, GCX Limited has signed a forbearance agreement with the majority of holders of Notes, which provides additional time till August 15, 2019 subject to potential extension till September 1, 2019 to negotiate payment options against Notes. The ability to continue is dependent on successful completion of refinancing activities initiated. The current liabilities exceed current assets by USD 340 million. This indicates the existence of material uncertainty relating to Going Concern of GCX Limited and its two material subsidiaries, which have guaranteed the Notes. Also, in one of the above material subsidiary of GCX Limited, Networth has also been eroded. In three other overseas subsidiaries, it indicates the existence of material uncertainty as networth has been eroded. Above have been qualified by respective Auditors in their Limited Review Reports of these subsidiaries.

Further, Auditors of three other overseas subsidiaries have given Emphasis of Matter for Material Uncertainty of Going Concern. The matter has been referred by the auditors in their Limited Review Report.

- 9) The Company's overseas subsidiaries have adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" with effect from April 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. Under this method, subsidiaries being lessee recognised Lease Liability at the present value of remaining lease payments as on April 1, 2019, and Right-of-Use Asset is measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid/ prepayment relating to the respective lease recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application. This has resulted in accounting of depreciation and interest expenses instead of lease expenses and the net impact is a increase in loss after tax of US\$ 107,300 for the quarter. There is no impact on the opening retained earnings. The Company and some of its subsidiaries where Assets are held for sale as per Ind AS 105 and being short term in nature, Ind AS 116 has not been applied. The Auditors have drawn qualification in their Limited Review Report for the quarter ended June 30, 2019.
- 10) The Company is operating with India Operations, Global Operations and Others/ Unallocated segments. Accordingly, segment-wise information has been given. This is in line with the requirement of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".
- 11) Additional information on standalone basis is as follows:

(₹ in Crore)

	Qı	Year ended			
Particulars	30-Jun-19	31-Mar-19	30-Jun-18	31-Mar-19	
	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	
Total Income	236	361	404	1,465	
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(107)	(110)	(41)	8,657	
Total Comprehensive Income	(199)	(3,582)	(142)	2,847	

12) Provision for Income Tax for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 is based on the estimate for the full financial year.

13) After review by the Audit Committee, the Directors of the Company have approved the above results at their meeting held on August 9, 2019 which was chaired by Mr. Anish Nanavaty, Resolution Professional ('RP') of the Company and RP took the same on record. The Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 are subject to Limited Review by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

For Reliance Communications Limited

Anish Nanavaty Resolution Professional

> Suresh Rangachar Director

Manikantan V. Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Date : August 09, 2019